

A data table with multiple columns and rows of text, likely representing mission parameters or system status. The text is small and difficult to read, but it appears to be organized in a structured format.

1
00:00:00,506 --> 00:00:14,626
[Music]

2
00:00:15,126 --> 00:00:17,076
>> Good morning, and welcome
to Mission Control, Houston

3
00:00:17,076 --> 00:00:18,276
and Space Station Live.

4
00:00:19,366 --> 00:00:21,646
Although we're coming
to the end of busy week

5
00:00:21,746 --> 00:00:23,956
for the Expedition 36
crew, there's still more

6
00:00:23,956 --> 00:00:25,606
to come tomorrow with the launch

7
00:00:25,606 --> 00:00:29,416
of the Japanese Kounotori
H-II transfer vehicle number 4

8
00:00:29,946 --> 00:00:32,156
from the Tanegashima
Space Center in Japan.

9
00:00:32,436 --> 00:00:35,536
That is scheduled for
2:48 PM central time,

10
00:00:36,166 --> 00:00:36,856
but in the meantime,

11
00:00:36,856 --> 00:00:38,796
the International Space Station
[inaudible] control room --

12

00:00:39,176 --> 00:00:40,266
the control team is here

13

00:00:40,266 --> 00:00:41,906
in the Space Station's
[inaudible] control room,

14

00:00:42,456 --> 00:00:44,306
watching over all of
the crew's activities.

15

00:00:44,846 --> 00:00:48,526
Flight Director Tony Ceccacci
is leading them today,

16

00:00:48,526 --> 00:00:50,726
and Anna Fisher is
assisting as CAPCOM.

17

00:00:51,196 --> 00:00:56,946
The Expedition 36 crew
is now more than halfway

18

00:00:56,946 --> 00:01:00,136
through their day, which
began at 1:00 AM central time.

19

00:01:00,786 --> 00:01:04,616
They are Russian Commander Pavel
Vinogradov, US engineers --

20

00:01:05,036 --> 00:01:07,606
or Flight Engineers Chris
Cassidy and Karen Nyberg,

21

00:01:08,306 --> 00:01:11,396
European Space Agency Flight
Engineer Luca Parmitano,

22

00:01:11,896 --> 00:01:14,356
and Russian Flight
Engineers Aleksandr Misurkin

23

00:01:14,646 --> 00:01:15,636
and Fyodor Yurchikhin.

24

00:01:17,046 --> 00:01:20,046
Cassidy, Vinogradov, and
Misurkin launched into space

25

00:01:20,046 --> 00:01:22,396
on March 28 and docked
a few hours later,

26

00:01:22,666 --> 00:01:27,586
so they've now spent
126 days in space.

27

00:01:27,686 --> 00:01:29,836
Nyberg, Parmitano, and
Yurchikhin followed

28

00:01:29,836 --> 00:01:33,686
in their footsteps on May 28,
so they've now spent 65 days

29

00:01:33,686 --> 00:01:35,036
in space and at the
Space Station.

30

00:01:36,036 --> 00:01:38,826
Together, the crew is
currently orbiting 260 miles

31

00:01:38,826 --> 00:01:40,886
above the South Pacific Ocean

32

00:01:41,126 --> 00:01:42,796

and heading towards
the coast of Chile.

33

00:01:43,326 --> 00:01:47,106

This week has been a
long one for the crew

34

00:01:47,106 --> 00:01:49,526

since they didn't get much of a
weekend, thanks to the arrival

35

00:01:49,526 --> 00:01:52,846

of the Russian transfer
vehicle Progress 52 on Saturday.

36

00:01:53,946 --> 00:01:56,516

That vehicle brought almost
three tons of supplies

37

00:01:56,516 --> 00:01:57,656

and equipment when it docked

38

00:01:57,656 --> 00:02:01,436

to the Station's Pirs docking
compartment at 9:26 PM central,

39

00:02:01,886 --> 00:02:03,356

and the Russian members
of the crew,

40

00:02:03,356 --> 00:02:06,086

and Commander Pavel
Vinogradov in particular,

41

00:02:06,746 --> 00:02:09,826

have been working steadily to
unpack it since the hatches

42

00:02:09,826 --> 00:02:11,806

between the two vehicle

were opened on Sunday.

43

00:02:15,126 --> 00:02:16,996

Meanwhile, the crew
members the US side

44

00:02:16,996 --> 00:02:19,316

of the Space Station have spent
much of their week getting ready

45

00:02:19,316 --> 00:02:23,616

for the next vehicle
scheduled to visit, the HTV-IV.

46

00:02:24,006 --> 00:02:27,846

Its launch at 2:48 PM tomorrow
will begin a week-long journey

47

00:02:27,846 --> 00:02:30,306

to the Space Station
culminating in its birthing

48

00:02:30,306 --> 00:02:32,886

at 6:29 AM central on August 9.

49

00:02:34,206 --> 00:02:37,236

Flight engineers Karen Nyberg
and Chris Cassidy will be

50

00:02:37,236 --> 00:02:40,106

in charge of capturing it with
the Space Station's robotic arm,

51

00:02:40,236 --> 00:02:42,966

which you can see here how
that activity will work.

52

00:02:43,816 --> 00:02:45,626

And then they will bring it

53

00:02:45,626 --> 00:02:46,816

in for a birthing
to the [inaudible].

54

00:02:46,816 --> 00:02:51,036

They've been practicing
for that task all week

55

00:02:51,226 --> 00:02:55,436

with the Station's robotic
workstations inside.

56

00:02:58,296 --> 00:02:59,896

Another activity that
took up a good deal

57

00:02:59,896 --> 00:03:02,326

of time this week was the
ocular health experiment.

58

00:03:02,326 --> 00:03:05,376

That's part of a new effort
to gather data on the effects

59

00:03:05,686 --> 00:03:08,536

that long stays in space
have on astronauts' vision.

60

00:03:09,316 --> 00:03:10,226

Over the course of the week,

61

00:03:10,306 --> 00:03:13,766

Nyberg and Flight Engineer Luca
Parmitano each performed regular

62

00:03:13,766 --> 00:03:16,336

eye chart exams of their
eyes, checked the pressure

63

00:03:16,336 --> 00:03:19,646
in their eyes with tonometers,
and looked inside their eyes

64
00:03:19,646 --> 00:03:21,346
with fundoscopes
and ultrasounds.

65
00:03:21,696 --> 00:03:24,576
They are the first to
participate in this new study

66
00:03:24,576 --> 00:03:27,326
and will be doing such checkups
every month while they are

67
00:03:27,326 --> 00:03:27,946
in space.

68
00:03:28,026 --> 00:03:30,826
They started in June, so this
was their second round of exams.

69
00:03:31,616 --> 00:03:32,826
The equipment they
used was delivered

70
00:03:32,826 --> 00:03:36,256
by Space X-II earlier this year,
and the experiment is expected

71
00:03:36,256 --> 00:03:37,816
to last about four years in all.

72
00:03:37,816 --> 00:03:44,996
Nyberg and Parmitano were also
taking part in other studies

73
00:03:44,996 --> 00:03:48,046
that looked at various aspects

of astronaut health this week.

74

00:03:48,586 --> 00:03:50,946

They've both been on special diets for all or part

75

00:03:50,946 --> 00:03:53,306

of the week as part of the pro-K study, which is aimed

76

00:03:53,306 --> 00:03:55,136

at determining whether changes

77

00:03:55,136 --> 00:03:57,776

in the astronaut's diet can help decrease the amount

78

00:03:57,776 --> 00:04:01,146

of bone loss they experience during long stays in space.

79

00:04:02,116 --> 00:04:03,956

And every morning right after they wake up

80

00:04:03,956 --> 00:04:05,846

and every night before they've gone to sleep,

81

00:04:05,936 --> 00:04:08,966

they've performed runs of the reaction self-test experiment,

82

00:04:09,396 --> 00:04:11,986

which is aimed at trying out a way for astronauts

83

00:04:11,986 --> 00:04:15,136

to objectively assess whether fatigue might affect their

84

00:04:15,136 --> 00:04:19,396
performance in space.

85

00:04:19,626 --> 00:04:22,236
Nyberg did some work yesterday
getting the in-space III

86

00:04:22,236 --> 00:04:23,456
experiment set up, and today,

87

00:04:23,456 --> 00:04:25,596
she is starting a new
run in that experiment.

88

00:04:25,596 --> 00:04:28,346
It looks at how magnetic
fluids are influenced

89

00:04:28,346 --> 00:04:30,336
by magnetic fields
and microgravity,

90

00:04:30,736 --> 00:04:33,126
which could help engineers here
on the ground design structures,

91

00:04:33,466 --> 00:04:36,346
such as bridges and buildings,
to better withstand earthquakes.

92

00:04:37,246 --> 00:04:39,786
And both the US side
of the Space Station

93

00:04:39,786 --> 00:04:42,836
and the Russian side have been
doing some spacewalk-related

94

00:04:42,836 --> 00:04:44,386
work this week with Cassidy

95
00:04:44,386 --> 00:04:47,126
and Parmitano continuing
their efforts to help teams

96
00:04:47,126 --> 00:04:49,116
on the ground troubleshoot
the issue

97
00:04:49,116 --> 00:04:52,156
that Parmitano experience
during his spacewalk last month,

98
00:04:52,156 --> 00:04:54,516
where a water leak developed in
the suit and made it necessary

99
00:04:54,516 --> 00:04:57,096
for the spacewalkers
to end their day early.

100
00:04:58,456 --> 00:05:01,586
Cassidy spent some time in the
Quest airlock today, In fact,

101
00:05:01,586 --> 00:05:03,326
on an activity referred

102
00:05:03,326 --> 00:05:06,416
to as scrubbing the water
loops on their spacesuits.

103
00:05:06,866 --> 00:05:08,136
That's part of the
work necessary

104
00:05:08,136 --> 00:05:11,256
to keep the suits clean between

spacewalks and is also part

105

00:05:11,256 --> 00:05:12,706

of the continuing
troubleshooting effort.

106

00:05:14,006 --> 00:05:15,916

Meanwhile, on the Russian
side of the Station,

107

00:05:16,286 --> 00:05:17,926

Flight Engineers
Aleksandr Misurkin

108

00:05:17,926 --> 00:05:20,436

and Fyodor Yurchikhin
are making preparations

109

00:05:20,436 --> 00:05:22,226

for their spacewalk
on August 16.

110

00:05:23,396 --> 00:05:24,566

They will continue work started

111

00:05:24,566 --> 00:05:28,046

on their previous spacewalk
together to prepare for the --

112

00:05:28,046 --> 00:05:30,406

to prepare the Station
for the arrival

113

00:05:30,406 --> 00:05:32,336

of the Russian multipurpose
laboratory module.

114

00:05:32,996 --> 00:05:34,296

Today, they're gathering
tools for that.

115

00:05:34,296 --> 00:05:37,286

And that's what is going
on in space this week.